



Employment First
11-2011
Good Cause

*Good cause shall include circumstances beyond the member's control, such as, but not limited to, illness, illness of another household member requiring the presence of the member, a household emergency, the unavailability of transportation.*

*A member that non-complies with a work registration requirement must provide good cause **before** the disqualification period begin date. If the member does not present good cause, the disqualification goes into effect the first month following the expiration of the 10-day adverse notice period, unless a fair hearing is requested. Only exemption documentation can end the disqualification period before the time is served.*

**10 CCR 2506-1 | RULE MANUAL VOLUME 4B, FOOD STAMPS  
B-4215.47 DISQUALIFICATION PERIOD**

The food stamp office and Employment First shall consider the facts and circumstances, including information submitted by the household member involved to determine whether good cause for the noncompliance exists. Good cause shall include circumstances **beyond** the member's control, such as, but not limited to, illness, illness of another household member requiring the presence of the member, a household emergency, the unavailability of transportation.

**Title 7: Agriculture PART 273—CERTIFICATION OF ELIGIBLE HOUSEHOLDS  
Subpart C—Education and Employment  
§ 273.7 Work provisions.**

**273.7(f)(1)(ii)** The notice of adverse action must contain the particular act of noncompliance committed and the proposed period of disqualification. The notice must also specify that the individual may, if appropriate, reapply at the end of the disqualification period. Information must be included on or with the notice describing the action that can be taken to avoid the disqualification **before** the disqualification period begins. The disqualification period must begin with the first month following the expiration of the 10-day adverse notice period, unless a fair hearing is requested.

**273.7(g)** *Ending disqualification.* Except in cases of permanent disqualification, at the end of the applicable mandatory disqualification period for noncompliance with Food Stamp Program work requirements, participation may resume if the disqualified individual applies again and is determined by the State agency to be in compliance with work requirements. A disqualified individual may be permitted to resume participation during the disqualification period (if otherwise eligible) by becoming exempt from work requirements.